## UCLA MATH 214A, Introduction to Algebraic Geometry

## Homework 6

Due: February 24, 2017

- 1 Consider the morphism  $\operatorname{Spec}(\mathbb{Z}[\sqrt{-3}]) \to \operatorname{Spec}(\mathbb{Z})$  induced by the canonical inclusion of rings. Compute the (scheme-theoretic) fibers of this morphism and draw a picture of  $\operatorname{Spec}(\mathbb{Z}[\sqrt{-3}])$  lying above  $\operatorname{Spec}(\mathbb{Z})$ . (We can think of this as a "two-sheeted cover" because of the similarities with, say,  $\mathbb{C}[x] \xrightarrow{x \mapsto x^2} \mathbb{C}[x]$ .)
- **2** Let S be a non-empty scheme. Define a group scheme over S as a "group in the category of S-schemes". In other words, it is an S-scheme  $\pi : \mathcal{G} \to S$  together with an S-morphism  $\mu : \mathcal{G} \times_S \mathcal{G} \to \mathcal{G}$  such that there exist S-morphisms  $e : S \to \mathcal{G}$  and  $\iota : \mathcal{G} \to \mathcal{G}$  such that the following diagrams commute:



A morphism of group schemes over S is a morphism of S-schemes compatible with the multiplication morphism.

- (a) Define the group scheme  $\operatorname{GL}_n$  for  $n \geq 1$  (here  $S = \operatorname{Spec}(\mathbb{Z})$ ) and the determinant morphism det :  $\operatorname{GL}_n \to \mathbb{G}_m := \operatorname{GL}_1$ .
- (b) The *kernel* of a morphism of group schemes  $\varphi : \mathcal{G} \to \mathcal{H}$  over S is the fiber product  $\mathcal{G} \times_{\mathcal{H}} S$  of  $\varphi$  and e. (It follows formally that this is again a group scheme over S.) Define  $\mathrm{SL}_n = \mathrm{ker}(\mathrm{det} : \mathrm{GL}_n \to \mathbb{G}_m)$ . Verify that the group  $\mathrm{SL}_n(\mathbb{R}) = \mathrm{hom}_{\mathcal{SCH}}(\mathrm{Spec}(\mathbb{R}), \mathrm{SL}_n)$  is what you would expect. What is the dimension of  $\mathrm{SL}_n$  (as a scheme)?
- (c) Let G be a finite group, and S = Spec(k) the spectrum of a field. Associate to G a group scheme  $\mathcal{G}$  over k such that for any connected k-scheme X,  $\text{hom}_k(X, \mathcal{G}) = G$ . What is the ring of regular functions on  $\mathcal{G}$ ?
- **3** Let  $A = \bigoplus_{d>0} A_d$  be a graded ring.
  - (a) Show that there exists a canonical morphism of schemes

$$\pi: \operatorname{Spec}(A) \setminus \mathcal{Z}(A_{>0}) \to \operatorname{Proj}(A)$$

such that for any  $f \in A_{>0}$  homogeneous,  $\operatorname{Spec}(A[1/f])$  is the fiber product of  $\pi$  and  $\operatorname{Spec}(A[1/f]_0) \cong D(f) \to \operatorname{Proj}(A)$ .

- (b) Prove that the map on topological spaces induced by  $\pi$  is a quotient map.
- (c) Assume that the irrelevant ideal is generated in degree 1, and let  $\mathfrak{p} \in \operatorname{Proj}(A)$ . Show that the fiber of  $\pi$  over  $\mathfrak{p}$  is isomorphic to  $\operatorname{Spec}(\kappa(\mathfrak{p})[x, x^{-1}])$ .

This completes the analogy with the picture for varieties where we defined  $\mathbb{P}_k^n$  in terms of the canonical projection  $\pi : \mathbb{A}_k^{n+1} \setminus \{0\} \to \mathbb{P}_k^n$  whose fibers are punctured lines.